Quebec for several summers' field work—in 1952 as one of the research group at the Mt. Tremblant Biological Station, and in 1953 and 1954 as a member of a bog-boring expedition of the Service de Biogeographie of the University of Montreal and the Fish and Game Department of the Province of Quebec. At various times he held research grants from the Indiana Academy of Sciences and from the American Philosophical Society in support of his field studies in the Minnesota Lake Region, the Quetico-Superior Memorial Forest, Isle Royale, the Keweenaw Peninsula of Michigan, and in Quebec.

Dr. Potzger's deep concern with elementary and high school science instruction was an abiding interest to the end of his life. With Mrs. Potzger, a Ph.D. in zoology from the University of Michigan, he collaborated in the preparation of six nature-study work books for children on trees, birds, and insects. In this same connection he was an active member of the Central Association of Science and Mathematics Teachers, edited its "Yearbook" from 1940 through 1945 and served as president of the Association in 1948.

Although his research interests embraced such diverse fields as the taxonomy of grasses, microclimates, and forest sociology his major effort for the past fifteen years was given to pollen studies and postglacial forest succession. A bibliography of papers which he authored or co-authored includes over eighty titles. Dr. Potzger served as president of the Ecological Society of America in 1953, and was a member of many other honorary and professional organizations.

New Orleans, Louisiana
October 20, 1955

HERBERT WILLIAM BRANDT
1884-1955

Dr. Herbert W. Brandt, an ornithologist of note, died suddenly on March 8, 1955, at Homestead, Florida, while engaged in field investigations in that area.

Born October 28, 1884, Dr. Brandt graduated as a mining engineer from what is now the Case Institute of Technology. He was introduced to the study of bird life on a mineral survey trip to Mexico early in his professional career; from that time birds were his absorbing avocation. His chief interest was in the home life of birds; every occupied nest he discovered was carefully studied. He took voluminous and accurate field notes and collected information which was subsequently utilized by A. C. Bent in the latter's Life Histories.

In addition to a number of short papers and notes, Dr. Brandt's published writings include three well-known books. Texas Bird Adventures dealt with his experiences in the Chisos Mountain region, Alaska Bird Trails was an account of a joint expedition with the United States Biological Survey to the Hooper Bay region of Alaska, and Arizona Bird Life dealt with the natural history and ecology of the birds of southeastern Arizona.

Dr. Brandt visited all of the important bird areas of North America and worked in Mexico and Chile as well. He possessed the finest collection of birds' eggs in private hands, all personally taken, and had an extensive series of bird-study skins. The University of Alaska awarded him its first honorary Doctor of Science degree in recognition of his work on Alaskan birds.